

Fair weather, with not much change in temperature today. Temperatures yesterday—Maximum, 76; minimum, 67.

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

The Herald has the largest morning home circulation, and prints all the news of the world, with many exclusive features.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1913.

ONE CENT.

WILSON THINKS EFFORT IS BEING MADE TO PLUNGE COUNTRY IN WAR

President Confident Present "Jingo" Talk Is Part of an Organized Campaign of Misrepresentation.

NASHVILLE IS ORDERED TO MEXICAN WATERS

No Definite Action Will Be Decided Upon Until Report Is Received from Special Representative Lind.

The statement was authorized by high authority yesterday that President Wilson believes an organized campaign of misrepresentation is being waged to plunge this country into a war with Mexico. The President, however, does not attach great importance to these alleged efforts to thwart his plans for a peaceful settlement of the controversy now wearing the heat out of the Southern republic.

Aside from this development and the dispatching of another cruiser to Mexican waters, the Washington government was marking time on the Mexican situation yesterday.

Special Representative Lind made no report as to what had occurred since his arrival at Mexico City, and it was learned that the President expects no detailed statement from him immediately. The Nashville is the cruiser ordered to Mexican waters. She is to assist in the work of removing American refugees. Like the cruiser Tacoma, which was ordered to Mexico Sunday, the Nashville is to be used at ports where harbor facilities are not sufficient to permit of the entrance of the battleships now in Mexican waters.

Suggestions to Huerta.

Emphatic statements were made yesterday in official circles of the President's determination to wait upon former Gov. Lind's report on Mexican conditions before deciding upon any definite course of action by this government. The President intends, however, that eventually suggestions shall be made by the United States to Provisional President Huerta looking toward the establishment of peace in Mexico.

Those communications will be transmitted through the American charge, Nelson O'Shaughnessy. The time for communicating them and probably their specific character will be determined by developments in Mexico. The President let it be known that he has no definite idea as to the time that will be required for Mr. Lind to complete his investigation.

President Wilson has not given consideration to a suggestion that the United States recognize the followers of Carranza as belligerents. He is, however, of the opinion that if a decision on this suggestion were to be reached merely on the comparison of the strength of the Carranza movement with that of the government at Mexico City, the United States would easily find justification for recognizing the Constitutionalists.

The President was manifestly pleased yesterday at the turn developments have taken in the last few days, and made no—

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BRYAN MAY NOT TALK

Will Cancel Six Dates Until Mexican Situation Is Cleared.

Baltimore, Aug. 12.—Six lectures by William Jennings Bryan in nearby towns, each for a minimum of \$250 and probably for twice that much in most places, probably will be canceled unless the Mexican situation is settled immediately. The Pennsylvania Chautauque Association has six dates with Mr. Bryan, and at each of the six places there is every indication that the sale of tickets for the lecture will be large if Mr. Bryan can manage to keep the engagement.

The first \$250 will go to Mr. Bryan, the second \$250 to the association, and a percentage of the further proceeds will be divided. There are forty Chautauques on the Maryland schedule of the association, and sixty others in towns in nearby States. Mr. Bryan would sign up for only six in this section, although the directors of the association tried to persuade him to give many more. Of his six dates only one is in Maryland, at Belts, August 28.

Carl Morris Beats McKay

Whitman, Aug. 12.—Carl Morris, of Oklahoma, tonight put an end to the aspirations of Fred McKay, of New York, to the heavy-weight championship by delivering a knockout in the third round with a left to the jaw, followed by a right hook to the chin.

TWO CAPITAL GIRLS WIN DANCE PRIZES

Misses Catherine Robinson and Cora Barry Shine in Newport Ballroom.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 12.—Miss Catherine Robinson, of Washington, dancing with Ensign Hamilton Harlow, won the prize for the best waiter.

Miss Cora Barry, of Washington, dancing with Ensign Harlow, the best dancer in the Atlantic Fleet, won the tango, and Mrs. Bertram Lippincott and William Dubarry, of Philadelphia, took the one-step prize at the Jamestown Casino entertainment tonight for the benefit of the Navy Relief Society.

The contestants danced twenty minutes.

LOSING NO TIME, MR. LIND BEGINS JOB OF STUDYING MEXICAN AFFAIRS

Gets Much Valuable Information from Charge d'Affaires Nelson O'Shaughnessy and W. B. Hale.

NO DEMONSTRATION AS HE WALKS FROM HOTEL

Mission Probably Will Be Completed in Three Weeks. Expects to Get His Suggestions Before Huerta.

Mexico City, Aug. 12.—After a day spent in conference with Nelson O'Shaughnessy, charge d'affaires of the American Embassy, and William Bayard Hale, President Wilson's confidential envoy, John Lind, personal representative of the President of the United States, has begun, apparently under auspicious circumstances, his mission of bringing about the pacification of the opposing elements in the Mexican Republic.

Mr. Lind was early at his task. Long before the people of the capital were astir, the Minnesota was out for a long walk, and an hour later was taken to the embassy in an automobile. Tonight no information was forthcoming from any source as to the results of the day's work, but there is no doubt that Mr. Lind has given much information at first hand bearing upon conditions in Mexico.

Mr. Lind made two appearances on the streets during the day. At no time was there any evidence of ill feeling against him. In fact, he passed along unnoticed on his journey from the embassy to his hotel, Federico Gamboa, the Mexican Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said Mr. Lind's mission could hardly be described as one of peace, as no war existed between Mexico and the United States.

"I have great faith," said the Secretary, "in the reasonableness of the judgment of Mr. Lind, and I am confident also have the conviction that the difficulties between this republic and the American nation will soon be adjusted."

No Statement by Huerta.

It is believed here that Mr. Lind's mission will not be prolonged beyond three weeks. It is known that he is confident of getting his suggestions before Provisional President Huerta, but whether that official will receive him or not is apparently not worrying Mr. Lind. It is understood that if President Huerta maintains his unwillingness to see him, Mr. Lind will transmit his communications through Mr. O'Shaughnessy, thus making his position clear.

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EARLE'S THIRD WIFE WOULD LIKE A DIVORCE

Former Helen Theodora Sidford, "the Loveliest of Them All," Is to Sue.

New York, Aug. 12.—The World this morning, in a London dispatch, announces that Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet and artist, is being made defendant in a suit for divorce instituted by his third wife, Helen Theodora Sidford, once referred to by Earle as "the dearest, sweetest, and loveliest of them all."

According to the World's informant, the suit is being brought in New York. No record of such a suit could be found tonight in this city or at Goshen, the county seat of Orange County, where Earle's home is located.

After the wedding the couple spent two months on the Continent, and then went to Earle's country place, in Munroe, N. Y., where a baby daughter was born, April, 1912. Mrs. Earle left in January for her home in England, and has remained with her mother ever since.

GENERAL STRIKE IS ORDERED IN ITALY

Troops Guard Against Destruction of Property and Disperse Strikers in Milan.

Milan, Aug. 12.—A proclamation, ordering a general strike throughout Italy, was issued today by the Syndicalist and Socialist Labor party.

The strike, said one leader today, "must become a kind of national earthquake, overthrowing the social organizations based on the exploitation of the laboring man for the advantage of private capital. We do not wish to follow the example of America, where certain strikes have lasted as long as eighteen months because the strikers received wages from the unions, but ended in moral and financial disaster."

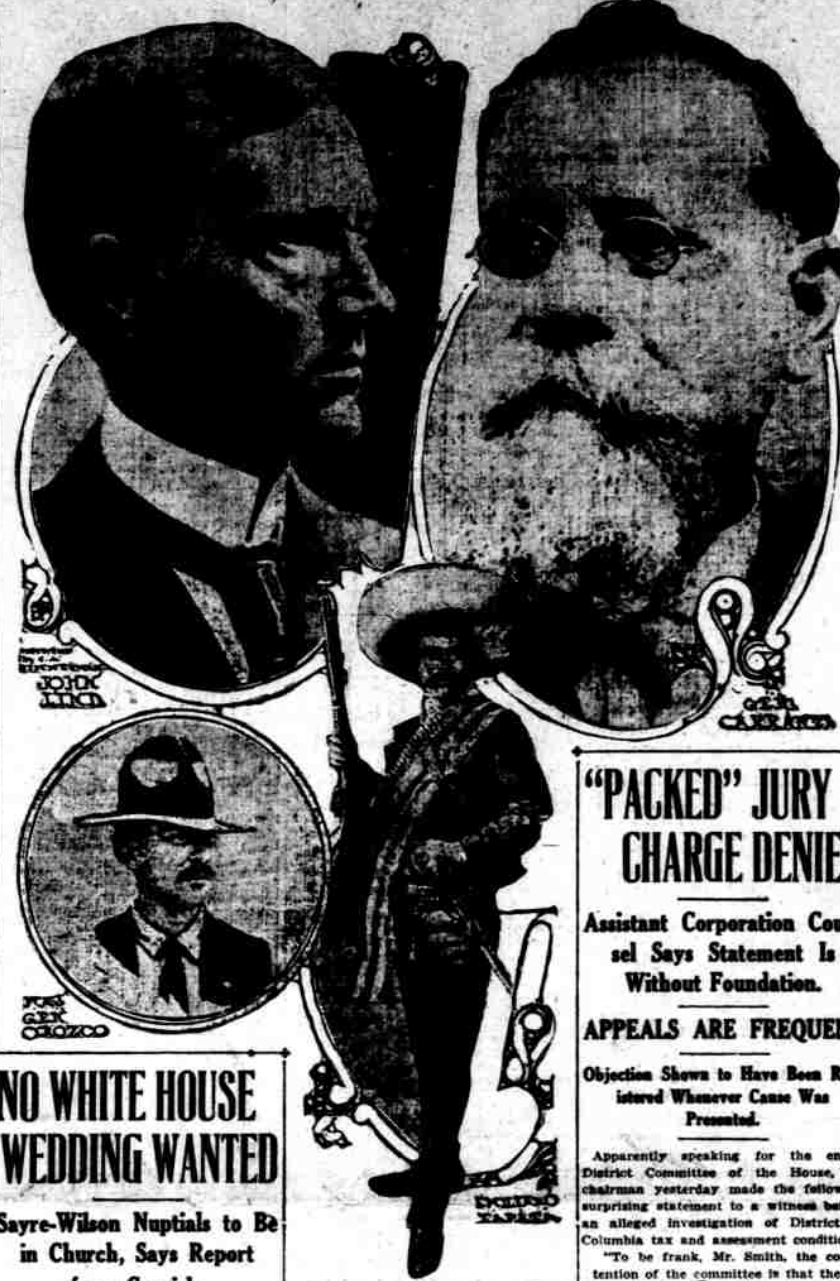
"Troops have been ordered out to guard against any destruction of property. All gatherings of strikers in this city were promptly dispersed during the day. Street cars were almost at a standstill. All industries are idle."

Advices from Rome and Pisa indicate that the strike order is not generally observed there. In Lombardy, however, the strikers are well organized.

Flies Across English Channel.

Dover, England, Aug. 12.—Lieut. Dunn, of the British navy, and a passenger in the straits of the English Channel today in an aeroplane of Dunn's own construction.

PRINCIPAL FIGURES IN MEXICAN SITUATION.



NO WHITE HOUSE WEDDING WANTED

Sayre-Wilson Nuptials to Be in Church, Says Report from Cornish.

AND NEXT MONTH, TOO! Capital Society Gets Distinct Shock. Details from the Executive Mansion Awaited.

Cornish, N. H., Aug. 12.—Miss Jessie Wilson, the President's daughter, and Francis B. Sayre, the New York lawyer, are to be married next month, according to information from close friends here.

The invitations, it is said, will be out very soon. Mr. Sayre has accepted a position on the faculty of Williams College, and he and his fiancée wish to wed and enjoy their honeymoon before Mr. Sayre takes up his duties.

It is understood that the marriage will be solemnized in an Episcopal Church, of which Mr. Sayre is a member. Miss Jessie has attended St. John's Episcopal Church in Washington more frequently than the Central Presbyterian Church at which her father and mother morish.

Comes as a Surprise.

The report from Cornish to the effect that the wedding will take place in an Episcopal Church came last night as a complete surprise. It was supposed generally that the ceremony would take place in the White House, and although President and Mrs. Wilson had not given out any statement as to the place of the marriage, it was taken for granted that the wedding would be solemnized in the East Room.

If the ceremony is performed in a church instead of at the White House, there will be great disappointment among the society folk of Washington, who have been anticipating a brilliant wedding, such as befits a President's daughter.

The idea of the marriage being solemnized in a church instead of at the Executive Mansion seems to be in accordance with the President's views on Jeffersonian simplicity.

There was much disappointment the nation over when announcement was made that President Wilson was opposed to the holding of an inaugural ball, and the surprise over the announcement of the church wedding promises to be fully as surprising. It is obviously the wish of the President to have the wedding attended by the most marked simplicity.

It will be the first case in the history of the United States that the marriage of a daughter of a President of the United States has not been held in the White House. Not only have daughters of Presidents been married there, but many rather distant relatives of Chief Executives have had their marriage ceremonies performed in the East Room.

FIRE DESTROYS EMBASSY IN TURKISH CAPITAL

French Ambassador and Mme. Bonaparte Narrowly Escape with Their Lives.

Constantinople, Aug. 12.—The French Embassy, a picturesque old Turkish building, was entirely destroyed by fire late last night.

Ambassador and Mme. Bonaparte narrowly escaped with their lives. All their effects were lost in the fire.

Through Suez via Ches. & Ohio R. to St. Louis. Leave Washington 4:30 p.m. daily; arrive St. Louis 6:30 p.m. next day. Adv.

CLIMAX IN DIGGS CASE DUE TODAY

Two Girls Transported to Reno, Nev., Will Give Their Testimony.

PROSECUTION NEAR END

Marsha Warrington's Uncle and Chief of Police Also Will Take Stand.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—The climax in the trial of Maury I. Diggs, who is charged with F. Drew Cannett with violating the Mann white slave act by transporting Marsha Warrington, and Lola Norris from Sacramento to Reno, is expected to be reached with the testimony of the two girls early tomorrow, when the trial is resumed before Judge William C. Van Fleet in the First Division of the United States Court.

Only two witnesses will precede the girls—Martin Besley, uncle of Miss Warrington, who was active in bringing Diggs and Cannett within the clutches of the law, and Chief of Police Hillhouse, of Reno, who arrested the quartet in their bungalow in Reno.

Prosecution Near End.

Miss Warrington's story of the escape made will be followed by that of Miss Norris. It is expected that each girl will be on the stand from one to two hours. The prosecution will then conclude its case, according to present plans.

The defense has announced that it will require two days to present testimony, so it is expected that the case will go to the jury on Friday.

The lawyers for the defense intimate that Mrs. Diggs may take the stand in an effort to save her husband.

Won't Give Up Adrianople.

Turkey Firmly Declines to Yield that Stronghold.

Constantinople, Aug. 12.—Turkey firmly declined to give up Adrianople in a courteous note handed by the Sublime Porte tonight to the ambassadors of the powers.

The note explains that the Turkish invasion of the Middle-Maritima zone, which has beyond the new frontier fixed by the treaty of London, was forced by the atrocities of the Bulgarians.

Senator Tamm—Baltimore & Ohio R. R. If contemplating a rail or water trip for pleasure or on business, consult agents at 10th and N. E. Ave., or 615 Pa. Ave. They will help you. Adv.

"PACKED" JURY CHARGE DENIED

Assistant Corporation Counsel Says Statement Is Without Foundation.

APPEALS ARE FREQUENT

Objection Shown to Have Been Registered Whenever Case Was Presented.

Apparently speaking for the entire District Committee of the House, its chairman yesterday made the following surprising statement to a witness before an alleged investigation of District of Columbia tax and assessment conditions:

"To be frank, Mr. Smith, the contention of the committee is that these juries have been packed. Sometimes they were packed in the interest of the people who owned the land to be condemned; sometimes they were packed in the interest of those owning abutting property against which assessments should be made. The Corporation Counsel's office has calmly and quietly acquiesced in the packing of these juries; sometimes to the detriment of the property owners, but the juries were always packed."

It is a conservative statement that less than half of the committee for whom the chairman boldly speaks have heard half of the testimony so far given at this investigation, and not more than two of the committee heard all of the testimony. The preceding investigation upon which the present alleged probe is based.

Although an unbiased Congressional investigating committee is an animal no one around the Capitol ever has encountered, as far as can be ascertained, the committee for whom the chairman speaks is no exception.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Smith was on the stand when this pronouncement was made. Mr. Smith on Saturday had carefully explained to the committee that the United States marshal's office selected condemnation juries and that the Corporation Counsel can object to such selections only for cause, and that on several occasions such objections have been made, sometimes honored and sometimes not.

Smith Makes Reply.

Mr. Smith listened quietly to the remarkable statement, and then replied emphatically:

"I want to say, Mr. Chairman, and I say it respectfully, that so far as I am concerned I know there is absolutely no foundation for the statement that juries have been packed."

Mr. Smith thereupon reiterated his previous statement that his office could object to the personnel of condemnation juries only for cause, and that wherever there seemed to have been cause for such objection, it had been registered. Mr. Smith repeated his statement of Saturday that frequently property owners protest against awards made by condemnation juries.

"I believe that in nearly all the important cases there have been appeals by the property owners," he said. "If property owners in a number of cases have complained that the awards were too low; that the juries were too conservative; and had the District's idea of the value of the property. If there has been complaint against these frequently used juries it has been by the property owners. In fact, there was considerable complaint two or three years ago. The jury list has been broadened recently. The use of the same men as jurors was the subject of considerable comment several years ago, more so than now."

Twelve Men Killed in Panama Slide

Charles Nyland, an American Engineer, Among Dead, Says Wireless Report.

Panama, Aug. 12.—News of the killing of twelve men in a quarry slide at Porto Bello, east of Colon, was received here this evening by wireless.

Among the dead is Charles Nyland, an American engineer. Four bodies have been recovered, and rescue parties are searching for the others. Porto Bello has been the principal source of rock quarry for the canal work.

SENATE DIVIDED ON CONSTRUING OF AMENDMENT

Various Views as to Method of Choosing Successor to Alabama Senator.

PROVINCE OF GOVERNOR

State Executive Wires for Opinion as to Course He Should Pursue.

Democratic members of the Judiciary Committee of the Senate yesterday held a meeting for the purpose of reaching a conclusion as to what advice should be given to Gov. O'Neal of Alabama as to how he may proceed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Joseph F. Johnston.

Republican members of the committee also were invited in, and their advice solicited, although they remained but a short time, and the meeting was largely a Democratic affair.

Overman Sends Answer.

A wide diversity of opinion developed, even among the Democrats, but finally Senator Overman of North Carolina, a leading member of the committee, sent the following telegram to Gov. O'Neal:

"By the new amendment to the Constitution, the Governor is charged with the duty of issuing writs of election to fill the vacancy, but has no power to fill by appointment until Legislature authorizes him to do so. By subsection 3, section 33, Alabama code, it is provided that special elections are to be held in cases other than those elsewhere specified in the section, which are or may be provided by law."

"The sections that follow direct that all special elections shall be held on such dates as the Governor may direct. It is the general opinion of the Democratic members of the Senate that the Governor can call a special election, and that the candidate elected would be entitled to his seat. However, there is much division of opinion in the Judiciary Committee; some holding to the opinion that the Governor can not call an election until the legislature has been called together and takes action in this matter."

(Signed) LEE S. OVERMAN.

Alabama Ask Aid.

Senator Overman had received two telegrams, one from Alabama asking that he confer with the Democratic leaders in the Senate, and advise the Governor. One of these inquiries came from Senator Bankhead of Alabama, and another from the chairman of the Alabama Democratic State Committee.

Senator Overman consulted not only the members of the Judiciary Committee, but Democratic Senators generally, including Majority Leader Senator Kern, Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, and Senator Pomeroy of Ohio, all of whom are known as among the able Democratic lawyers in the Senate.

That the Democratic leaders are by no means sure of their ground was developed when, after the conference in the Judiciary Committee's room had been under way for some time, a proposition was submitted to the Republican side of the chamber to arrange for a fair between one Republican Senator and the vacant seat of the Alabama Democratic State Committee now existing from the State of Alabama.

It was suggested in support of this proposal that Senator Barlow of Maine has been absent all this season on account of illness, and may not be able to present himself at the Alabama Legislature, and that the seat of Senator Jackson of Maryland, a Republican, is imperiled by the new constitutional amendment. The proposal met with no favor on the Republican side.

Recognition May Be Refused.

Many Democrats are fearful that if Gov. O'Neal calls a special election to fill the vacancy, without first convening the Alabama Legislature for the purpose of setting in motion the machinery for the election, that the Republican Senators will refuse to recognize the person thus chosen at the special election.

Senator Bacon has adhered to the view that the Governor has no power to call a special election to choose a Senator until after the Alabama Legislature had met and provided by statute for such an election. Apparently the majority of the Democratic members of the Judiciary Committee believed that the Alabama code, passed, however, before the constitutional amendment was proclaimed, has provided against such a contingency as the one confronting the Governor, by giving him a general power to call special elections.

Apparently, the Republicans do not adopt this view, and it is almost certain that resistance will be offered to any person who presents credentials as a Senator from the Governor of Alabama, based on the result of an election called under such conditions.

RELATIVE OF CASTRO IS TAKEN PRISONER

Venezuelan Government Troops Also Capture Several Revolutionary Officers.

Caracas, Venezuela, Aug. 12.—Gen. Torrealba, a relative of former President Cipriano Castro, was captured on Friday by the government troops commanded by Gen. Corcuera, Bayamo, and Escambray, according to an official communication today.

Several of Gen. Torrealba's officers, who had fled to the mountains of Maturín after the defeat of Castro's adherents on July 25, when they attacked the government forces in the City of Maturín, also were taken prisoners.

Fighting continues in the State of Tachira.

The army of government troops, which was formed at the capital to fight the revolutionists, arrived at Maracay on Friday under the command of President Juan Vicente Gomez.

\$12.00 to Niagara Falls and Return

Baltimore and Ohio Route

1:45 a. m. August 13 and 19, September 13 and 18, October 13, and 18 for return within 15 days. Cheap slide trips from the Falls to Canadian resorts. Liberal discounts returning. Dining cars north of Philadelphia. Adv.

SULZER CHARGES PASS ASSEMBLY; NEED 76 VOTES TO REMOVE HIM

Solemn Proceedings in Effort to Oust the Governor of New York Are Begun at Albany.

"MADE FRAUD REPORT TO STATE SECRETARY"

The Introduction of Startling Resolution Follows All-Day Conference of Leaders at Saratoga.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 12.—At 11:15 o'clock this morning, after a turbulent all-night session, the Assembly, by a vote of 65 to 10, adopted the Fawcett committee report, condemning Gov. Sulzer, and Majority Leader Levy introduced a caustic resolution calling for his impeachment.

The resolution will be voted on today, and if seventy-six votes are cast for it Gov. Sulzer will be automatically suspended from office until the Senate and the Court of Appeals sit in judgment on the testimony against him. On the verdict of guilty or not guilty will depend his removal from office or exoneration.

The resolution follows:

"Whereas the Joint Legislative Investigating committee has filed a report in the Assembly on the 11th day of August, 1913, together with testimony annexed thereto, showing or tending to show that William Sulzer, Governor of the State of New York, made a false and fraudulent report to the Secretary of State, under oath, as required by law, that the total contributions in aid of his campaign as candidate for the office of Governor were \$5,000 and no more, and

Converted to Owa Use.

"Whereas, in truth and in fact the amount was greatly in excess of said sum to the personal knowledge of said Sulzer; and such report further showing or tending to show, that he converted to his own private use, contributions given in aid of his said election for the purchase of securities or other private uses; that he engaged in stock market speculation at a time when he was Governor and vigorously pressing legislation against the New York Stock Exchange which would affect the business of, and prices on the exchange; that he used the power of his office as Governor to suppress and withhold the truth, to prevent the production of evidence in relation to the investigation of campaign contributions and violations of law in respect thereto, by ordering and directing witnesses some of whom were employees of the State to act in contempt of the Joint Legislative Investigating committee; and that further, he used his office as Governor in reward, or attempting to reward such witnesses, or with by securing or influencing their appointment or promotion in the State government; and that the said William Sulzer, has punished legislators who disagreed or differed with him in legislation enacted in the public interest, and public welfare, and has traded executive approval or private support of his direct primary and other measures in which he was personally interested; that as Governor, he wilfully and corruptly made and published statements advising and directing citizens to suppress evidence in reference to his unlawful use of contributions made to him for campaign purposes, and whereas he has otherwise corruptly and unlawfully acted or omitted to act,

"Therefore, be it resolved, That William Sulzer, Governor, be, and he is hereby impeached for wilful and corrupt conduct in office, and for high crimes and misdemeanors."

Follows Long Confab.

The introduction of the resolution tonight came like a bolt from the blue sky to the Governor's friends. It followed an all-day conference by the leaders of the majority at Saratoga. The result of this

CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE.

ICE WORKER LOCKED IN HIS REFRIGERATOR

John W. Long Spends Chilly Half Hour While Thief Coolly Takes \$12 in Cold Cash.

John W. Long, night clerk of the Home Ice Company's plant at Twelfth and V Streets Northwest, received a cold reception last night when he was locked up for almost half an hour in an ice chest.

Long reported to the police that a former employee of the company shoved him into the big refrigerator, locked the door, and then rifled the cash drawer of it. The police have been given a description of the man who is alleged to have trapped Long in this cold manner.

A colored driver happened to come into the office half an hour later. Hearing a pounding on the refrigerator door, the driver investigated, and liberated Long. Long believes he would have been frozen to death had he been forced to remain in the ice box all night.

CONGRESS IN BRIEF.

SENATE.

In order to expedite the tariff bill, the Senate agreed to meet each day at 11 o'clock, the usual schedule being up for consideration.

Senator Hollis of New Hampshire made a speech defending the cotton schedule. Democratic and Republican Senators considered methods of selecting successors to the late Senator Johnston.

James A. Smery was before the Senate lobby committee.

HOUSE.

Not in session; meets today at noon.